

**Cyngor Cymuned
Trefriw
Community Council**

FLEXIBLE WORKING POLICY

This policy was adopted at a meeting on
16th April 2024
and will be reviewed in January 2026
or sooner should legislation dictate

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1. Introduction

This policy aims to encourage staff to consider flexible working arrangements. The organisation recognises that a better work-life balance can improve employee motivation, performance and productivity, and reduce stress. Therefore, the organisation wants to support its employees achieve a better balance between work and their other priorities, such as caring responsibilities, leisure activities, further learning and other interests. Trefriw Community Council (“the organisation”) is committed to agreeing any flexible working arrangements, provided that the needs and objectives of both the organisation and the employee can be met.

It is the organisation's policy to encourage open discussion with employees. An employee that thinks they may benefit from flexible working is encouraged to contact the Trefriw Community Council (TCC) Staffing Committee to arrange an informal discussion to talk about the options.

2. What is flexible working?

Flexible working is any type of working arrangement that gives some degree of flexibility on how long, where and when an employee works.

The following flexible working options are considered to be the typical arrangements that employees may request but the organisation recognises that there may be alternatives or a combination of options which are suitable to both the organisation and the employee:

- Annualised hours
- Compressed hours
- Flexitime
- Home-working
- Job-sharing
- Overtime
- Part-time working
- Term-time working

3. Types of flexible working

- **Annualised hours** where an employee's contractual working hours are calculated as the total number of hours to be worked over the year, allowing flexible working patterns to be worked throughout the year.

Usually the hours will be divided into rostered hours, which are set, and unallocated hours, when an employee can be called into work as demand dictates (and to cover unplanned work and employee absence). Payment will be in 12 equal instalments (although arrangements may be permitted where the pay for the work actually done is in the period to which the payment relates).

- **Compressed hours** is where an employee works their usual full time hours in fewer days by working longer blocks meaning that there is no reduction in their pay. For example, a 5-day week is compressed into four days, or a 10-day fortnight into 9 days.
- **Flexitime** allows an employee to choose, within certain limits, when to begin and end work. An employee is required to work during a core time and must work an agreed number of hours during the accounting period of a month. Their hours of attendance will be recorded and added up at the end of each accounting period. An employee can carry over an agreed excess or deficit of hours from one accounting period to another. A deficit of hours should be made up in the following accounting period. Excess hours may be used to either reduce attendance outside of core hours or, take additional leave (flexi-leave), subject to an agreed maximum of full days in any accounting period. Additional leave should be requested and agreed with the employee's manager in the same way as annual leave.
- **Home-working** is when an employee regularly carries out all, or part of, their duties from home rather than the employer's premises. The organisation can consider home-working being an occasional agreed day, a mix of home and office-based work each week or a full-time arrangement.

- **Job-sharing** is an arrangement where a full-time post is divided into two part-time roles. The two job holders then share the overall duties and responsibilities; their skills and the hours each employee wishes to work must be compatible, and meet the needs of the organisation. Pay and benefits are shared in proportion to the hours each works. Job sharing can be considered where the creation of a single part-time post is difficult, or where two individuals wish to work part-time. The suitability of posts for job-sharing will be stated in any internal or external advertisements.
- **Overtime** is when hours are worked in addition to the usual full time hours. Overtime can be agreed where the organisation would benefit from an employee working more hours. This is voluntary and an employee can refuse overtime if they wish. Overtime will be paid at plain time.
- **Part-time working** covers any arrangement where an employee is contracted to work anything less than typical full-time hours for the type of work in question. For example, an employee who only works Monday to Wednesday. The organisation believes that all posts will be available on a part-time basis, except where a critical examination by line management proves this to be impracticable. The suitability of posts for part-time working will be stated in any internal or external advertisements.
- **Term-time working** is where an employee reduces their hours or takes time off during any school holidays. Any weeks above their annual leave entitlement will be unpaid. Salary can be paid in 12 equal monthly instalments (although arrangements may be permitted where an employee is only paid for the time worked and receive no pay during the holidays apart from their entitlement to annual leave).

4. The needs of the organisation

The organisation is committed to providing a range of appropriate working patterns. However, employees and TCC need to be realistic and to recognise that not all flexible working options will be appropriate for all roles.

Where a flexible working arrangement is proposed, the organisation will need to take into account a number of criteria including (but not limited to) the following:

- the costs associated with the proposed arrangement
- the effect of the proposed arrangement on other staff/Councillors
- the need for, and effect on, supervision
- the existing structure and working arrangements of the organisation
- the availability of staff resources
- details of the tasks specific to the role
- the workload of the role
- whether it is a request for a reasonable adjustment related to a disability
- health and safety issues

5. Eligibility

in all areas, and at any level, are entitled to submit a request for flexible working regardless of their length of service.

Any employee of Trefriw Community Council has a statutory right to request flexible working from their first day in the job

6. Submitting a flexible working request

An eligible employee is entitled to submit one flexible working request in a 12 month period though the organisation will consider further flexible working requests if an employee's circumstances change to the extent that continuing with the existing working arrangement would be detrimental to their work for the Council. An employee is also entitled to make additional requests if they relate to a statutory entitlement, for example the Equality Act 2010 right to request reasonable adjustments.

All requests must be made by email to the Chair of Trefriw Community Council, who will convene the Staffing Committee to consider the request. Any request made must include:

- the date of the application
- the changes that the employee is seeking
- the date from when the employee would like the proposed change to come into effect
- what effect the employee thinks the requested change would have on the organisation
- how, in their view, any such effect could be dealt with
- whether this is a statutory or non-statutory request
- whether a previous application for flexible working has been made
- the dates of any previous applications

If the employee is making the request in relation to the Equality Act, e.g., as a reasonable adjustment relating to a disability, this should be made clear in the application.

If an application does not contain all of the required information the Chair will explain to the employee what additional or amended information they need to provide and ask the employee to resubmit the request.

7. Meetings regarding flexible working

Upon receiving a written request for flexible working the Staffing Committee will usually seek to arrange a meeting with the employee to:

- discuss the request
- find out more about the proposed working arrangements
- how it could be of benefit to both the employee and organisation

If a meeting is arranged it will be held within 28 days of the organisation receiving the request. This time limit may be extended with the agreement of both the employee and the Staffing Committee.

The employee will be given advance notice of the time, date and place of the meeting. If the initial date is problematic then one further date will be proposed. If a face-to-face meeting is

difficult to arrange then, if agreed by the employee and the Staffing Committee the meeting may be held via video conferencing.

At the meeting the employee may, if they wish, be accompanied by a workplace colleague or other representative (e.g., trade union rep).

If the employee fails to attend a meeting and then fails to attend a rearranged meeting without good reason, their application will be deemed to have been withdrawn.

Where a request can, without further discussion, be agreed by the Staffing Committee as stated in the employee's written application a meeting to discuss the request may not be necessary. The request will put to full Council at the next meeting for approval. The employee will be informed of the organisation's agreement to the request by a confirmation letter as outlined in the section 'Responding to a flexible working request' within 14 days of the full Council approving the request. This time limit may be extended with the agreement of both the employee and the Staffing Committee.

8. Responding to a flexible working request

The Staffing Committee will consider the proposed flexible working arrangements, looking at the potential benefits and adverse effects to the employee and to the organisation in implementing the proposed changes. Their recommendation will be put to full Council for approval.

Each request will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Agreeing to one request will not set a precedent or create the right for another employee to be granted a similar change to their working pattern.

The employee will be informed in writing of the organisation's decision as soon as is reasonably practicable, but no later than 14 days after the full Council meeting where the request is considered.

The request may be granted in full, in part or refused. The organisation may propose a modified version of the request, the request may be granted on a temporary basis, or the employee may be asked to try the flexible working arrangement for a trial period. If the request is agreed then the employee will be sent a confirmation letter which will include details of the new arrangements.

The employee should contact the Chair within 14 days if they wish to discuss the new arrangements further, or have any concerns.

9. Right to appeal decision

The employee has the right to appeal the decision if their request is refused or is only agreed in part. The employee may lodge an appeal within 14 days of being notified of a decision on their application. This should be done in writing and clearly state the grounds on which they are appealing.

The appeal will be heard within 14 days. The employee will then be informed of the outcome to their appeal within 14 days of the appeal meeting. These time limits may be extended with the agreement of both the employee and the Staffing Committee.

10. Trialing new working arrangements

Where there is some uncertainty about whether the flexible working arrangement is practicable for an employee and/or the organisation a trial period may be agreed. If a trial period is arranged the organisation will allow sufficient time for an employee and their manager to implement and become used to the new working practices before taking any decisions on the viability of a new arrangement.

11. Varying an Employee Contract

Where flexible working practices are agreed as a permanent change, a variation will need to be made to the employee's contract of employment. A new contract of employment will be sent to the employee within 28 days of the change to the employee's working pattern being agreed.

If the employee has any questions or concerns about the new contract of employment they should contact the Chair to discuss the matter further.

Where a trial period has been arranged the organisation will provide the employee with a document that details their new working pattern and makes clear that it is only a temporary variation to the terms of the employee's contract. The employee will be informed in writing of the start and end dates of the trial period (although the organisation may reduce or lengthen the trial period where necessary with the agreement of the employee). The organisation will reserve the right, at the end of the agreed trial period, to require the employee to revert to their previous working arrangement.

12. Complaints and further information

The organisation is strongly opposed to any form of victimisation of individuals who work, or request to work under flexible working arrangements.

If an employee feels that they have been treated unfairly or are dissatisfied with any stage of the flexible process, they should raise their concerns informally with the Chair.

If informal discussions do not resolve the matter to an employee's satisfaction, they should raise a grievance under the organisation's Local Resolution Procedures.

For further information an employee should refer to the documents listed below and/or contact the Chair.

Law relating to this document:

- Employment Rights Act 1996
- Equality Act 2010
- Flexible Working Regulations 2014